



# Experimental Analysis of n-Butanol Solubilization in Seawater by Pure-Phase Digital Holography



## Authors

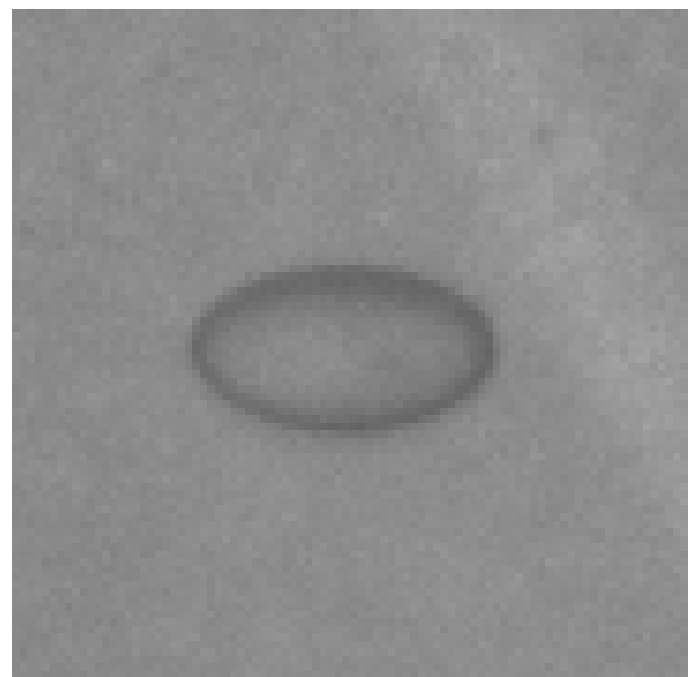
Pierre Slangen  
Laurent Aprin  
Frédéric Heymes  
Pascal Picart \*

## Partners\*



## Previous Results

High Speed Imaging  
n-butanol droplet rise  
 $n_{n-but} = 1,399$

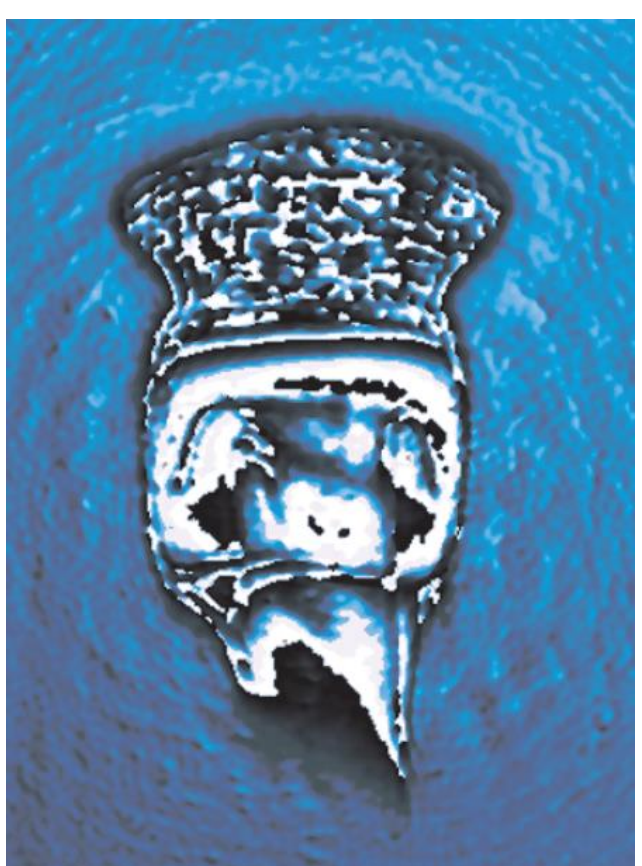


Diffuse Backlight



Direct Shadow

## New Results



Time - Resolved  
Pure Phase DH

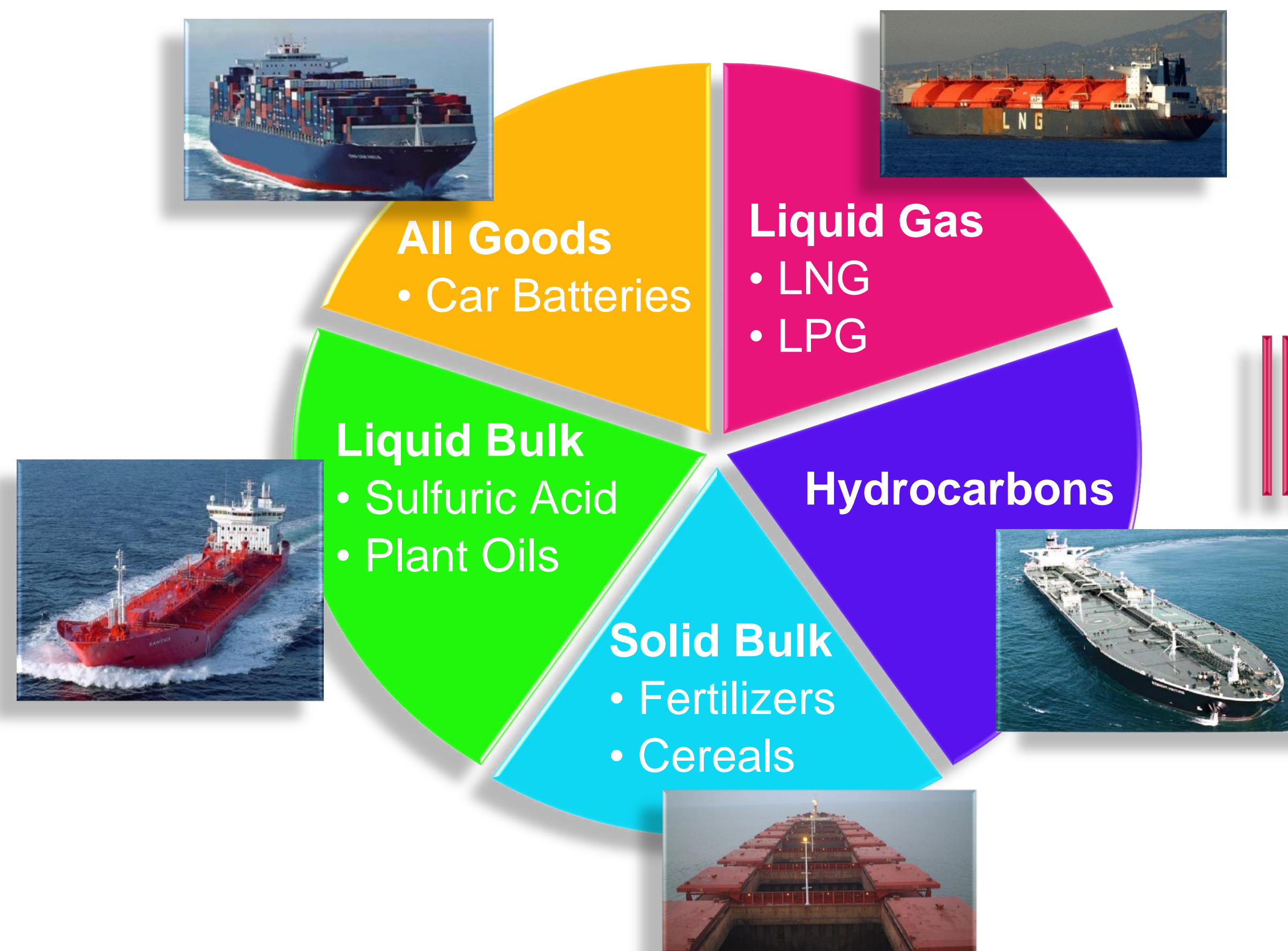
## Future Results ...



Large Seawater  
4m-high Column

## MARINE POLLUTION

### Super Tankers and Deep Water



Hazardous  
Noxious  
Substances

SHIPWRECK

Solid  
Liquid  
Gas

Floating  
Dissolving  
Evaporating  
Sinking ...

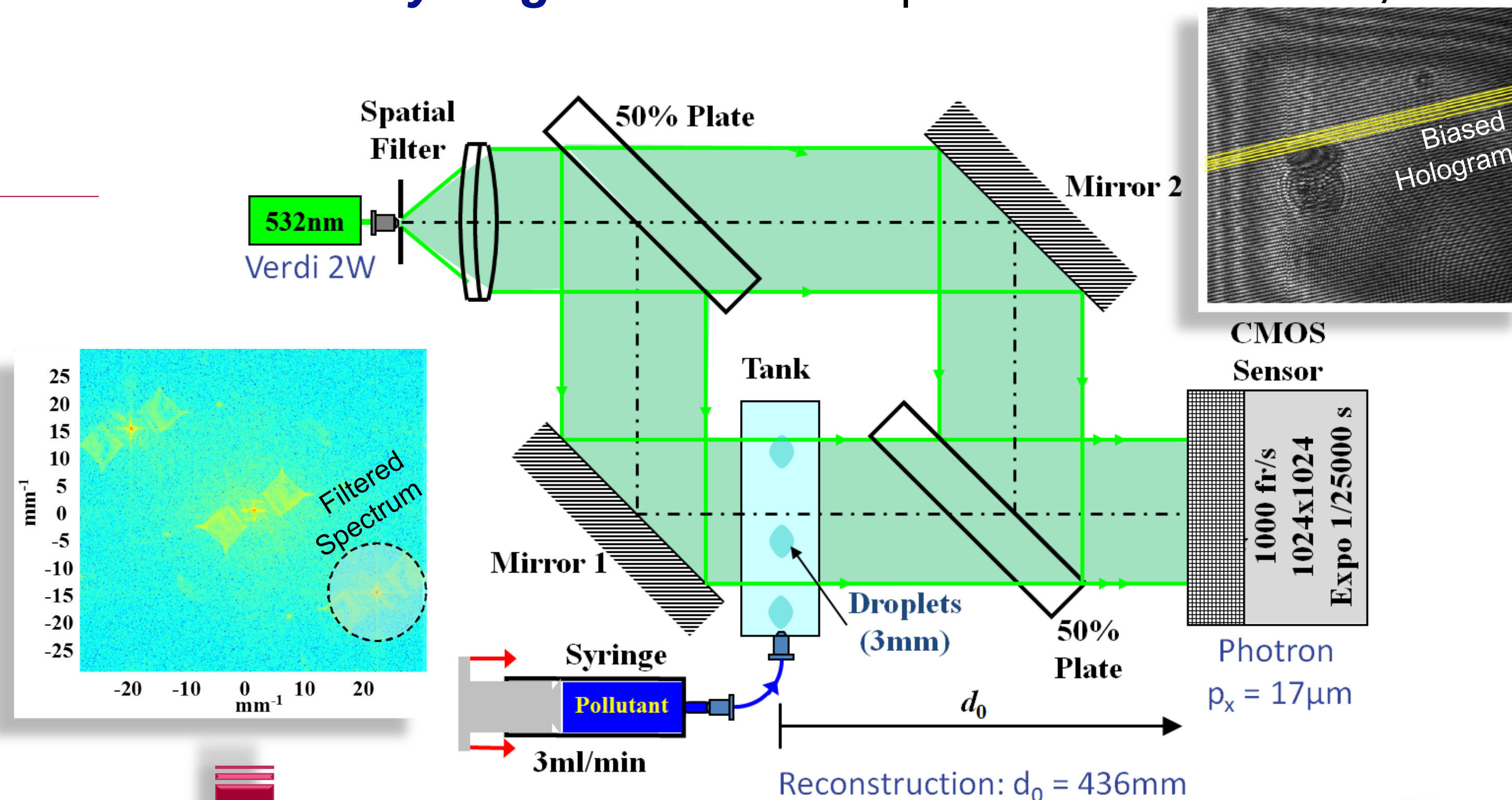
Deep Spill  
Pressure: 800m => ~80bar  
Temperature: 800m => ~277K

IDENTIFICATION OF THE BEHAVIOUR OF HNS SUBSTANCES UNDER DEEP-SEA CONDITIONS

## LAB EXPERIMENTS

### Time-Resolved Pure Phase Digital Holography

- $n$ -butanol is **floating** and **dissolving** product. Previous tests in diffuse backlight and direct shadowscopy have shown droplet behaviour, including **trailing dissolution**.
- Trailing edge gives important information on **droplet dynamics** and dissolution effects. Help for responders to afford slick pollution at the water surface. Critical point if the pollutant is also evaporating ...
- Mach-Zender interferometer with **tilted beams** enables **interferometric Time-Resolved measurement**.
- Unity magnification** from parallel beams directly on the sensor, **1024\*1024 pixels, 2000fr/s**.



- Pollutant injection from bottom at constant rate.
- Droplets from 1mm to 3mm dissolving while rising. The **volume changes** during dissolution and leads to the **solubility** of tested liquids.
- The back propagated **phase** is **compensated** from the **instrumental error**, including **tank** variation and **sensor cover** non uniformities.
- Continuous **phase background** is also **subtracted**, some variations are still present from the precedent drop trailing edge.
- The method was successfully applied with tank filled with **soft** or **sea water** and n-butanol drops.

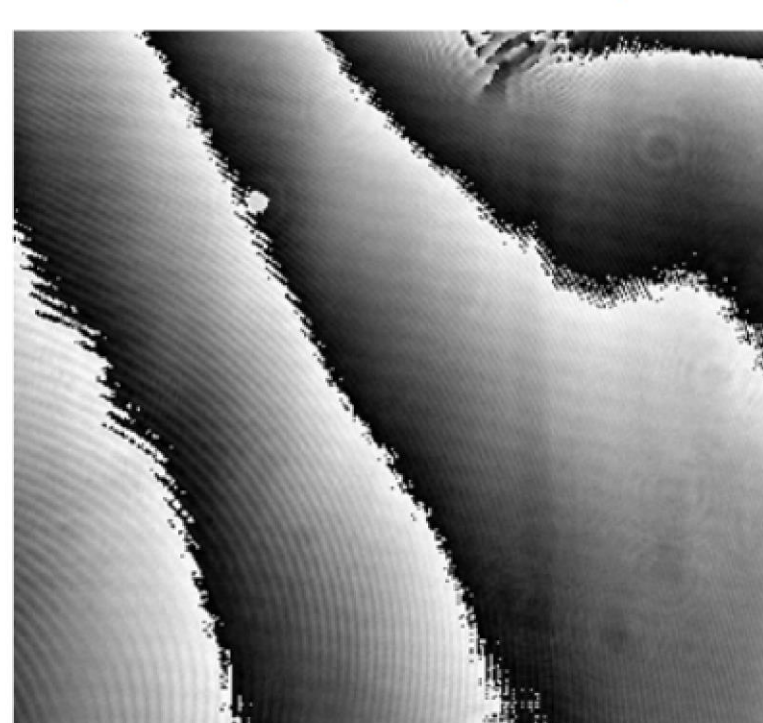
$$A_r = FFT^{-1}[FFT[a_0 \exp(i\phi_0)] \times G]$$

Transfer function of angular spectrum

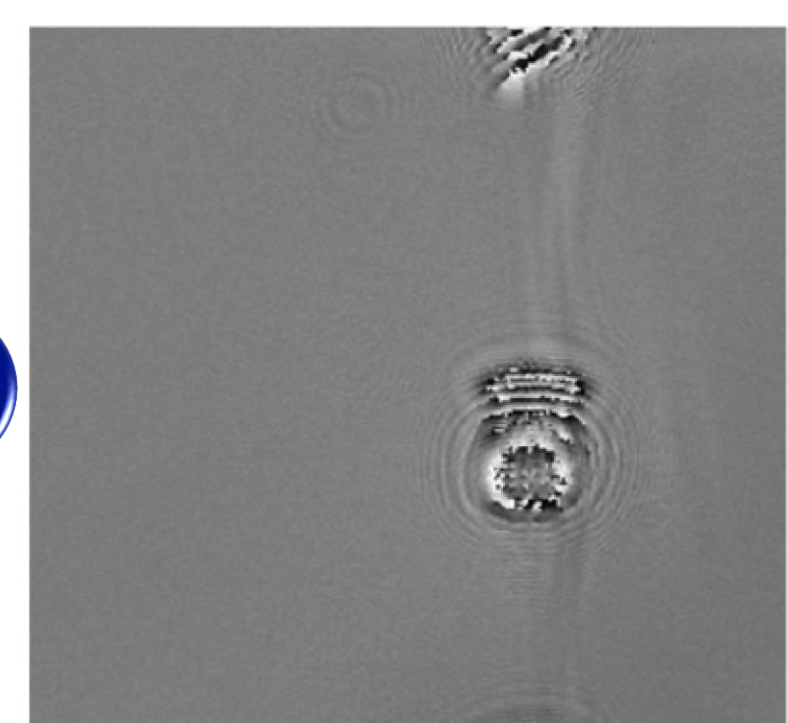
$$G(u, v, -d_0) = \exp[-2i\pi d_0 / \lambda \sqrt{1 - \lambda^2 u^2 - \lambda^2 v^2}]$$

$$A_r = FFT^{-1}[FFT[\exp(i\Delta\phi)] \times G]$$

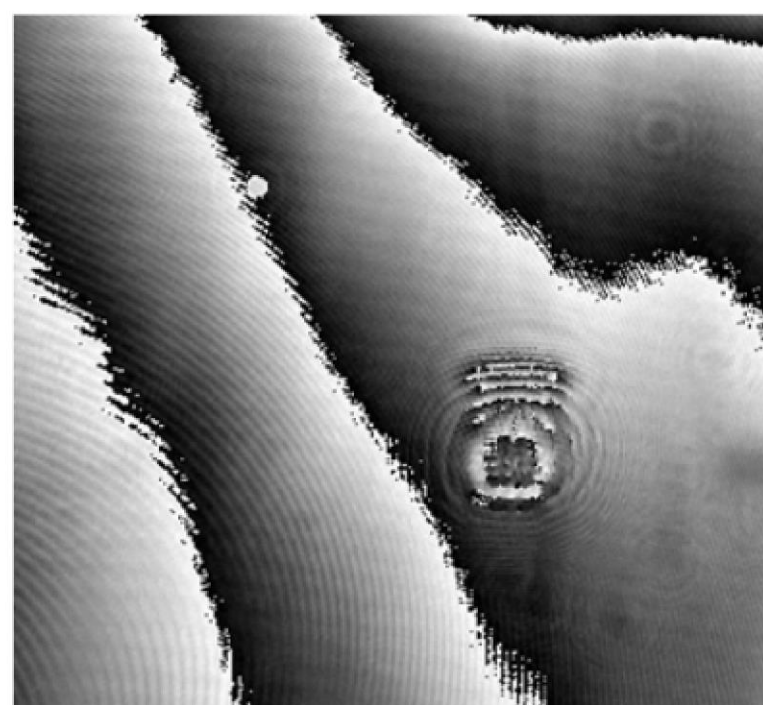
Initial phase  $|\phi_i|$



Compensated phase  $|\Delta\phi|$

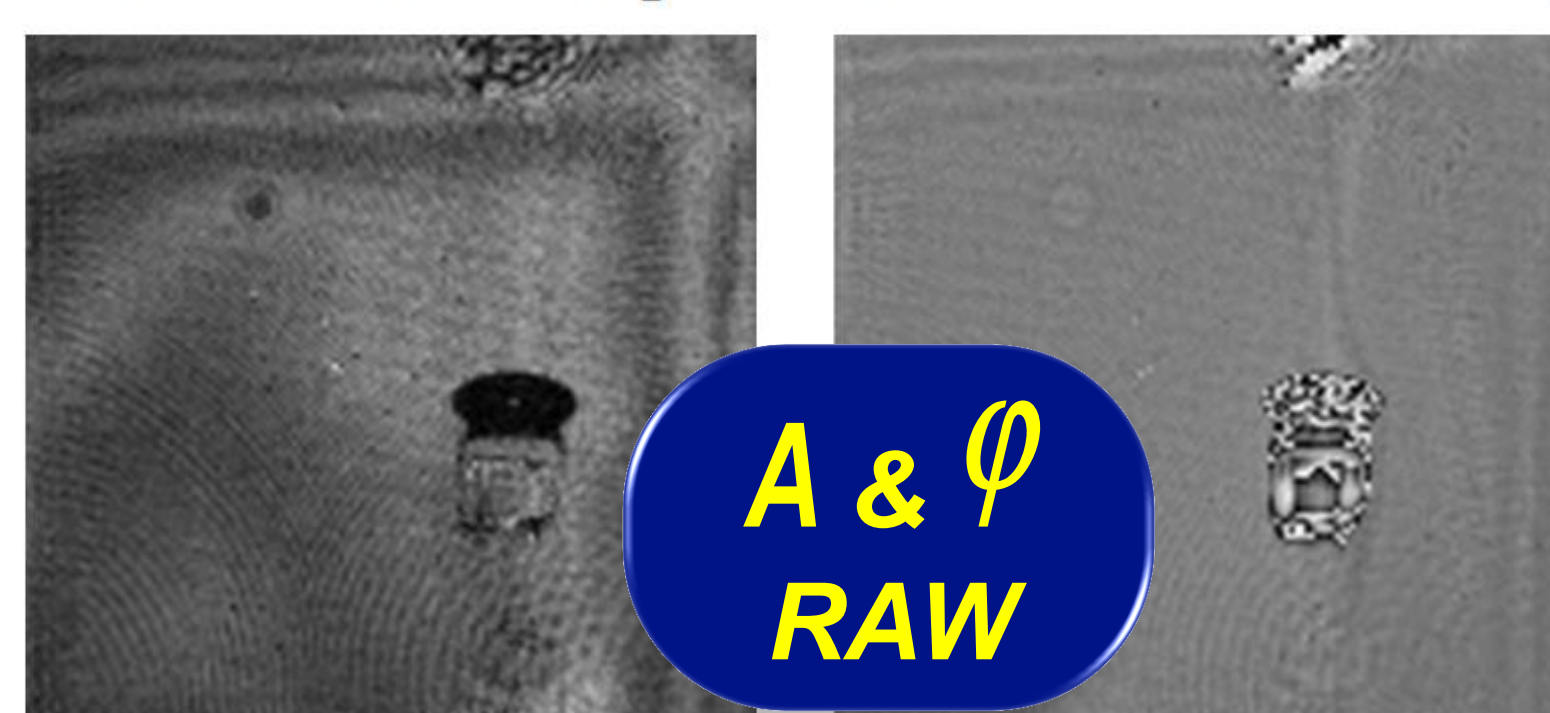


Phase with droplet  $|\phi_0|$



$\Delta\phi$

A &  $\phi$   
RAW



A &  $\phi$   
PURE

